

# MAHESH PUBLIC SCHOOL, JODHPUR

Subject: English

Class-VI

Pronoun

## What is the pronoun?

A pronoun is defined as a word or phrase that is used as the substitution or a noun or noun phrase. Pronouns are the short words and can do everything that nouns can do and are one of the building blocks of the sentence.

Some common pronouns are he, she , you , me , I , we , us , his , them , that.

## Types of pronoun

- **Indefinite pronoun-** those referring to one or more unspecified objects beings or places such as someone , somebody , anybody , nothing.
- **Personal pronoun-** those associated with a certain person thing or group such as they , I , he, we , you , her , him.
- **Reflexive pronoun-** these are the words which ending with self or selves that are used when the subject and the object of a sentence are the same (eg.) I believe in myself. Some other examples are myself , yourself , oneself , itself, ourselves , yourselves , themselves.
- **Demonstrative pronoun –** those used to point to using specific within in the sentence. There are only 4 demonstrative pronoun- this , that, these, those.
- **Possessive pronoun –** those designating possession or ownership examples include mine , its, hers, his , yours, ours , theirs
- **Relative pronoun-** those who connect clause or phrase to a noun or a pronoun. For example to , which , that whom , whose.
- **Interrogative pronoun –** those which introduce a question for example who , whom , whose, what, which.

- **Reciprocal pronoun-** those expressing mutual actions or relationships i.e one another or each other.